



Simon Young & Craig MacFadyen – Munters Data Centers

Introduction

Vision

Your Perfect Climate

Mission

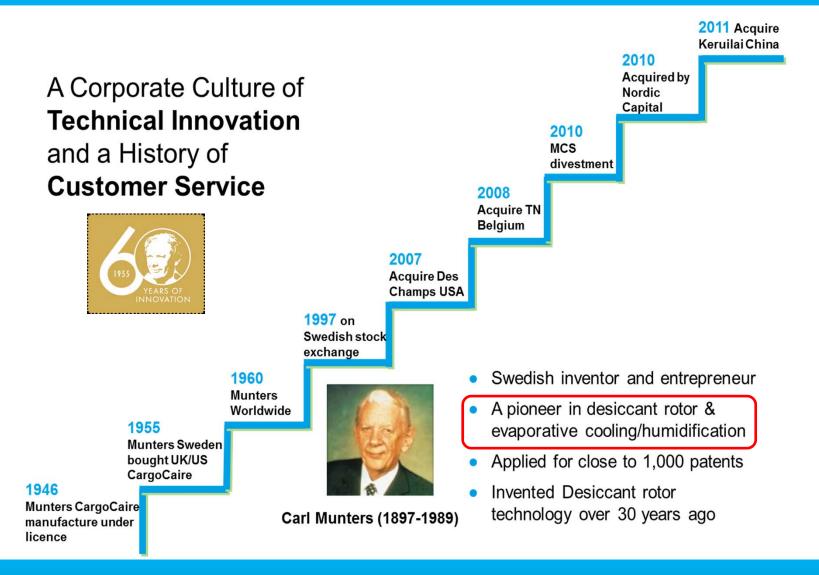
 Munters' mission is to be a globally leading supplier of energy efficient solutions for air treatment and climate control technologies.

Facts and Figures

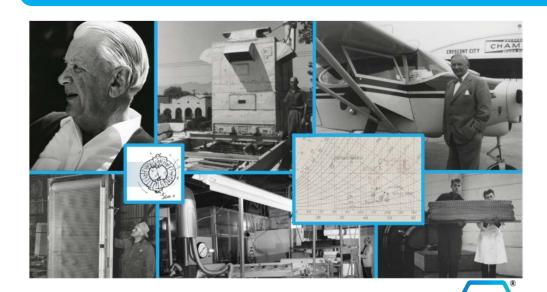
- Global presence with sales and manufacturing in over 30 markets
- In excess of SEK 6 billion in annual net sales (600m Euros)
- Approx 3,600 employees
- 17 manufacturing plants, 7 smaller assembly hubs, and 55 sales and service Centres
- Installed base of more than 300,000 air treatment systems
- Install base in excess of 200MW of Data Centre Facilities
- Owned by private equity partner Nordic Capital Fund VII

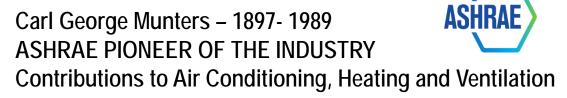


Over 60 years of experience in Evaporative Cooling technology



Worldwide Award Winning Organisation















INNOVATIVE SOLUTION AWARD

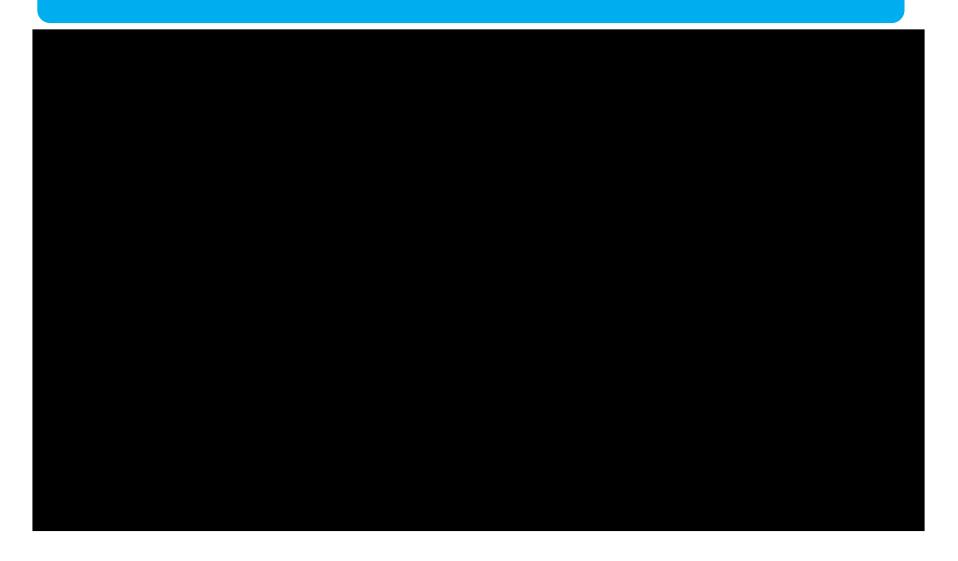
Munters







World of data





The Facts:



connected things....some predict that by 2020, the number of Internetconnected things will reach or even exceed 50 billion.



In 2015, over 1.4 billion smart phones will be shipped and by 2020 we will have a staggering 6.1 billion smartphone users.



By 2020, a quarter of a billion vehicles will be connected to the Internet, giving us completely new possibilities for in-vehicle services and automated driving.



Today, the market for Radio Frequency Identification (RFID) tags, used for transmitting data to identify and track objects, is worth \$11.1 billion. This is predicted to rise to \$21.9 billion in 2020.

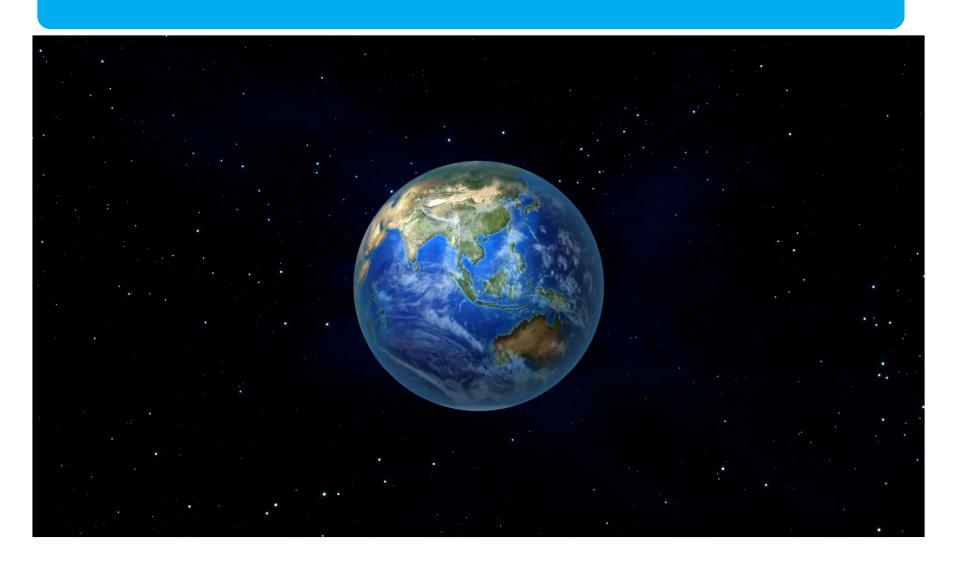


Machine-to-machine (M2M) connections will grow from 5 billion at the beginning of this year to 27 billion by 2024, with China taking a 21% share and the U.S. 20%.



CISCO believes the IoT could generate \$4.6 trillion over the next ten years for the public sector, and \$14.4 trillion for the private sector.

World of data centres





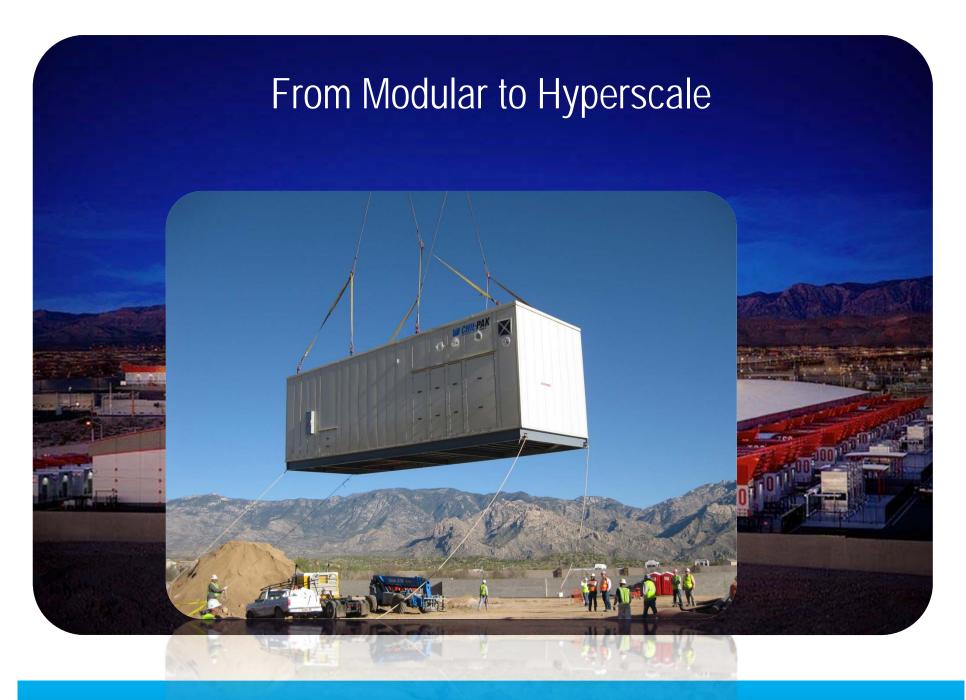
World Wide Energy Consumption by Country

Rank	Country	Uesage
1	China	4.69 Trillion kWh
2	Unites States	3.89 Trillion kWh
3	Russia	1.04 Trillion kWh
4	Japan	859.7 Billion kWh
5	India	698.9 Billion kWh
6	Germany	549.1 Billion kWh
7	Canada	499.9 Billion kWh
8	France	471 Billion kWh
9	Brazil	455.8 Billion kWh
10	South Korea	455.1 Billion kWh
11	DATA CENTRES	416.2 Billion kWh as of 2016
12	United Kingdom	329.3 Billion kWh
13	Italy	313.8 Billion kWh
14	Spain	249.7 Billion kWh
15	Taiwan	242.2 Billion kWh

http://www.independent.co.uk/environment/global-warming-data-centres-to-consume-three-times-as-much-energy-in-next-decade-experts-warn-a6830086.html



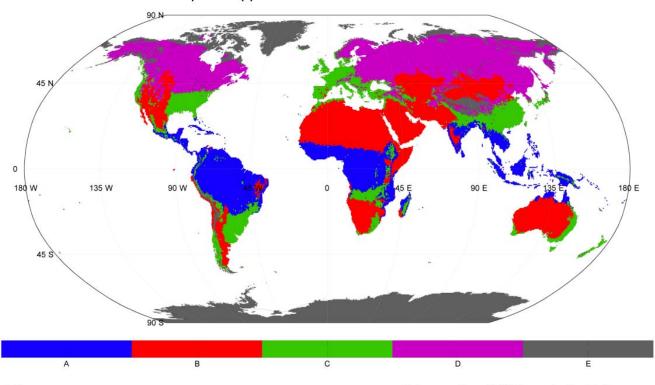






Climate Conditions





Letter

- A: Tropical
- B: Dry
- C: Mild temperate
- D: Snow
- E: Polar

Data source: Terrestrial Air Temperature/Precipitation: 1900-2010 Gridded Monthly Time Series (V 3.01)

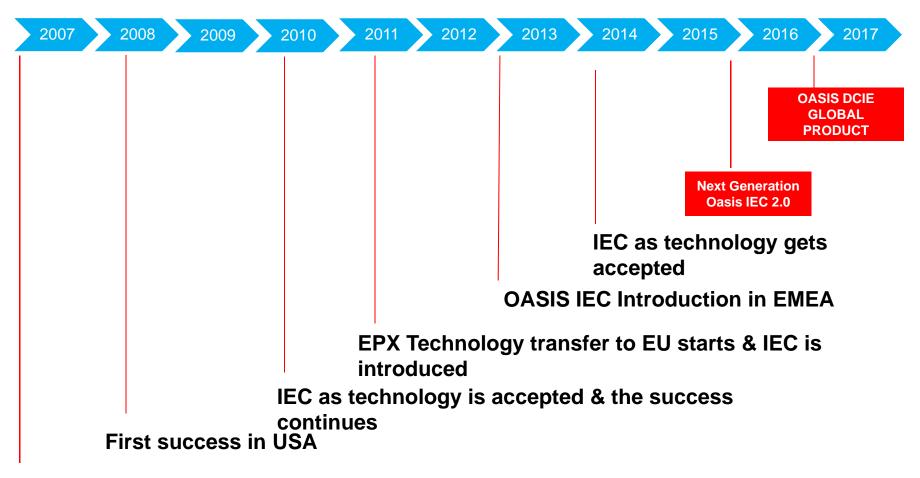
Resolution: 0.5 degree latitude/longitude

Website: http://hanschen.org/koppen

Ref: Chen, D. and H. W. Chen, 2013: Using the Köppen classification to quantify climate variation and change: An example for 1901–2010. Environmental Development, 6, 69-79, 10.1016/j.envdev.2013.03.007.



Oasis IEC Family Product Evolution

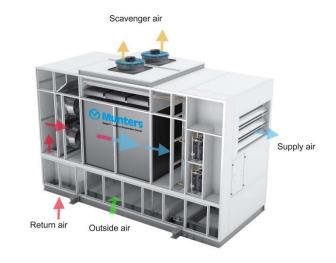


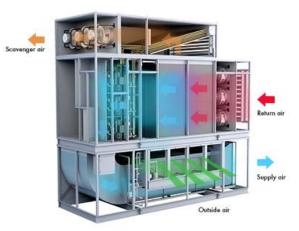
OASIS EPX Introduced in USA



An effective Data Center cooling solution must be.....

- Flexible
- Efficient
- Suitable for all climates
- Resilient
- Global product / Global reach
- Configurable
- Scalable

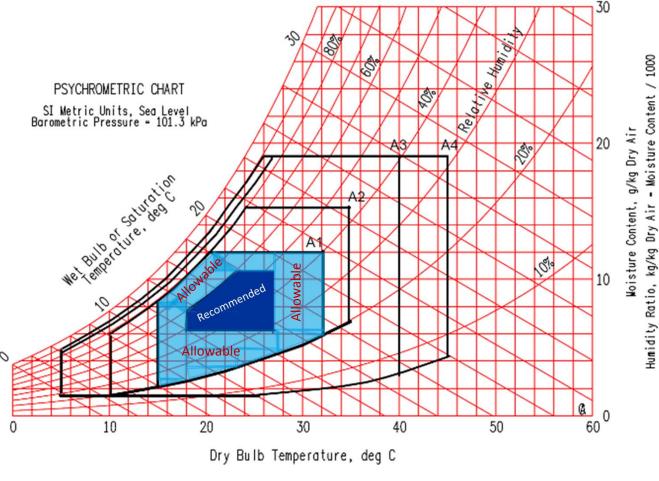




ASHRAE

(Guidelines for Data Processing Environments)



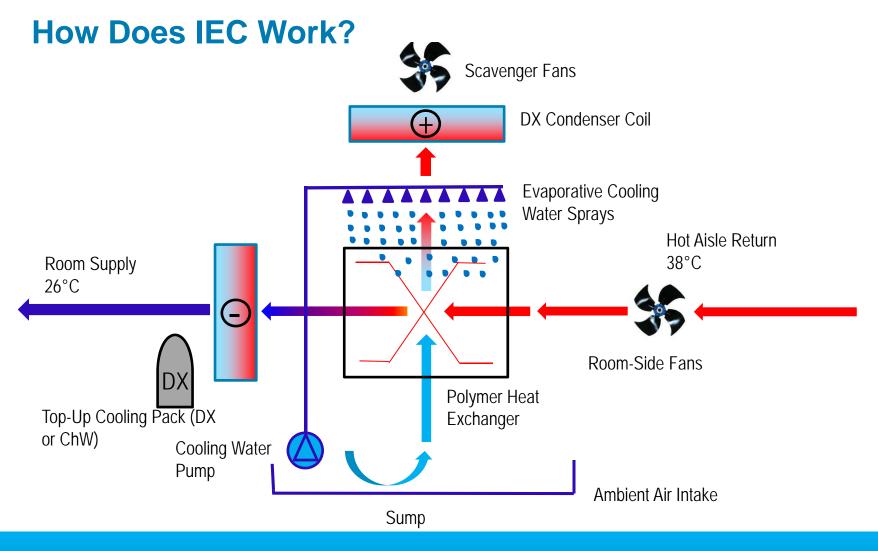


Recommended 18-27°C at server inlet (5.5dew point - 60% rh)

Allowable 15-32°C at server inlet (20-80% rh)



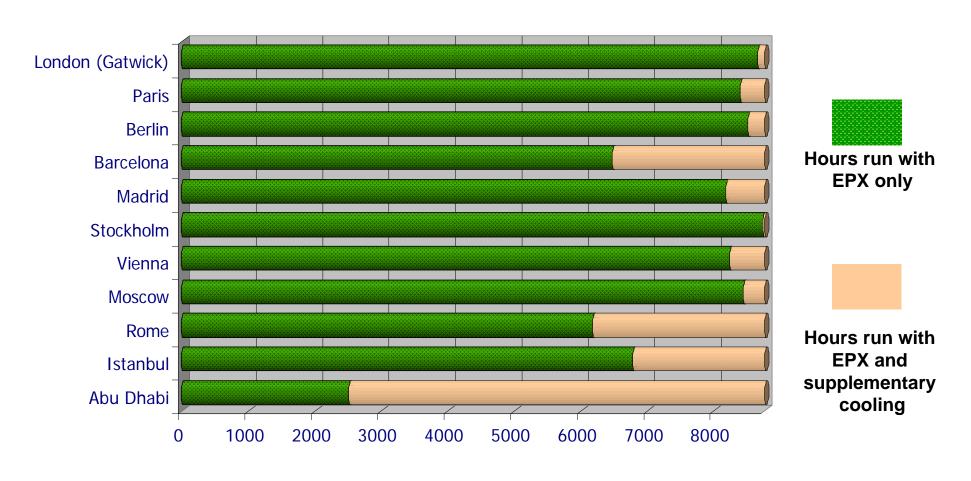
Indirect Evaporative Cooling





Hours per year that Oasis™ IEAC can provide 23°C or below for locations around EMEA

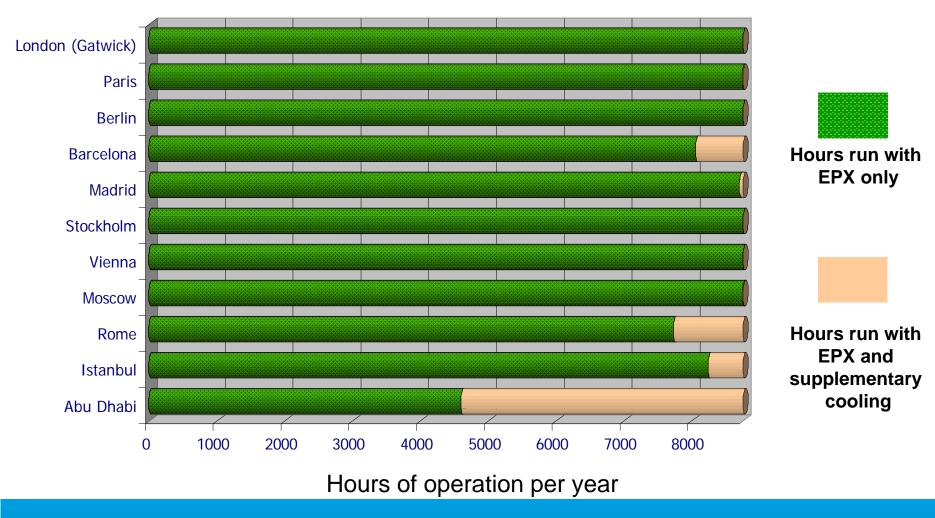
Based on Hot Aisle return air temperature of 35DegC





Hours per year that Oasis™ IEAC can provide 27°C or below for locations around EMEA

Based on Hot Aisle return air temperature of 39DegC



Expected annual costs of Energy and Water

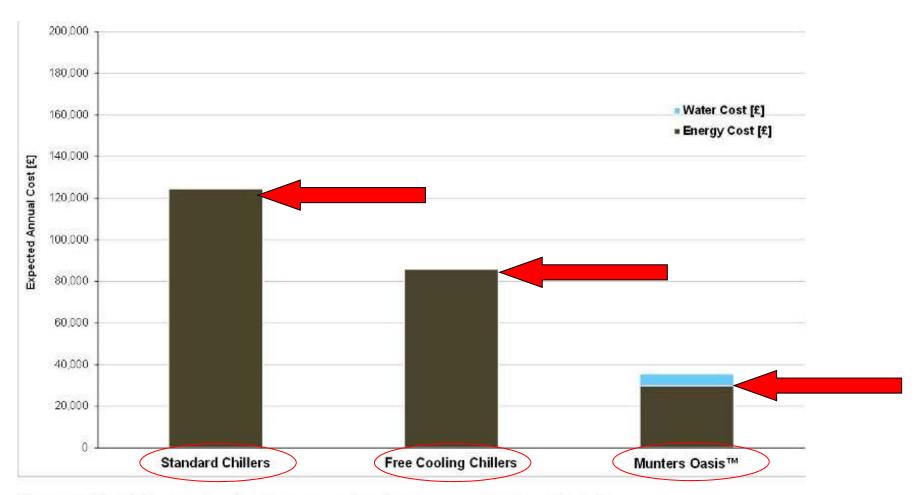


Figure 5.1.2. Total annual costs of energy and water consumed by the data hall.

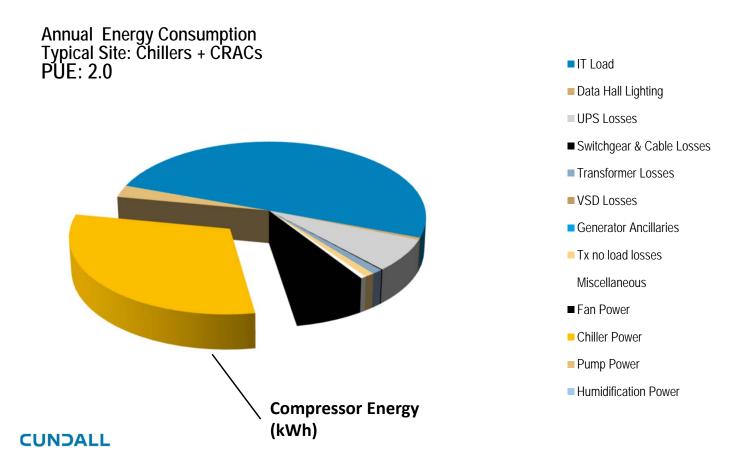


Oasis™ Indirect Evaporative Cooler Energy savings vs Chillers

		Standard Chillers	Free Cooling Chillers	Munters Oasis™
Seasonal Cooling COP	Chillers + Evaporative	6.5	11.9	175
	Total Cooling*	4.5	6.5	18.6
PUE (partial)**		1.22	1.16	1.05
Chiller O	perating hours [h]	8760h	8760h	DX - 14h Evaporative 8388h
	Chiller + Evaporative	1,419,282	776,906	52,914
Energy	Fans (cooling only)	581,865	581,865	496,712
Consumption [kWh]	Pumps	73,866	73,866	7
1.00000000	Total	2,075,013	1,432,637	496,782
Annual Costs [£]***	Energy	124,501	85,958	29,807
	Water	0	0	5,721
	Total Costs	124,501	85,958	35, 528
	Cost Savings [%]	0%	31%	71%



Where is Energy Consumed?



The largest energy consuming element apart from the IT load is the Compressor

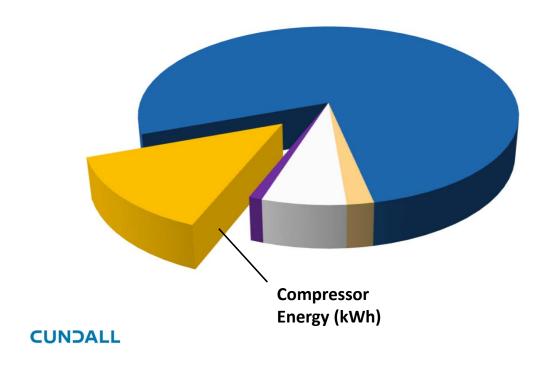


Where is Energy Consumed?

Annual Energy Consumption

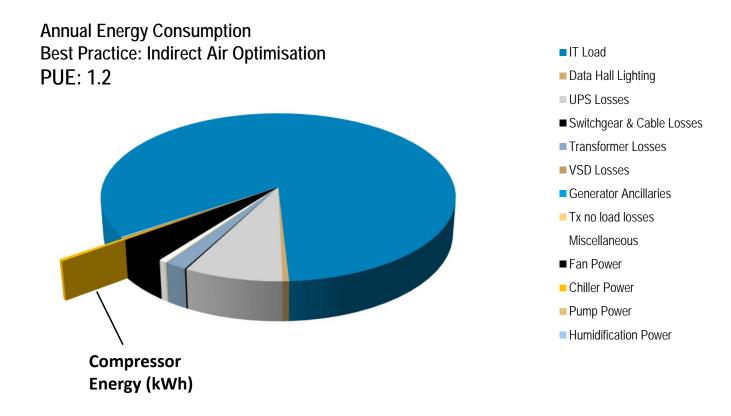
Best Practice: Free Cooling chillers and CRACs

PUE: 1.3 – 1.35



Even when Free Cooling
Chillers are used, the largest
energy consuming element
apart from the IT load
remains the Compressor

Where is Energy Consumed?



CUNDALL

Compressor Energy may be significantly reduced by use of IAO



pPUE Comparisons IEC vs Free cooling chiller

Lower capital cost for key cooling plant

40% lower annual operating cost

Low partial PUE

Region	Oasis IEAC	Free-Cooling Chiller pPUE	
London Heathrow	1.05	1.16	
Madrid	1.05	1.18	
Abu Dhabi	1.09	1.32	
Beijing	1.06	1.2	
Shanghai	1.07	1.22	
Moscow	1.05	1.14	



^{*}based on hypothetical test case 1MW data centre (N+1) full details in Cundalls product engineering review, copy available on request

Oasis Capital cost won't cost you more

System Description	Main Cooling Plant	Capital Cost per unit (£)	Total Cost (£)
Oasis [™] Indirect Evaporative Air Cooler (floor mounted)	Oasis unit (×6) Smaller Oasis units (×2) AHU (x1) Ductwork Water storage for 2no. tanks	£110k £87k £25k £50k £ for water tank £ for pumps £ for water treatment £4k for pipework = £24k	£660k £174k £25k £50k
			£957k
Water-side Economisation Chilled Water	Free-Cooling Chillers(×3) CRAC units (×14) Pumps + Pipework AHU (x1)	£132 £18k £350k £25K	£396k £253k £350k £40k
		i i	£1,039k



Financial Outcome - CAPEX

Capital Costs (CAPEX)

When considering the lower capacity requirement of the electrical to mechanical power loads,
 the plant, equipment and machinery power infrastructure can be reduced:



Diesel generator size:



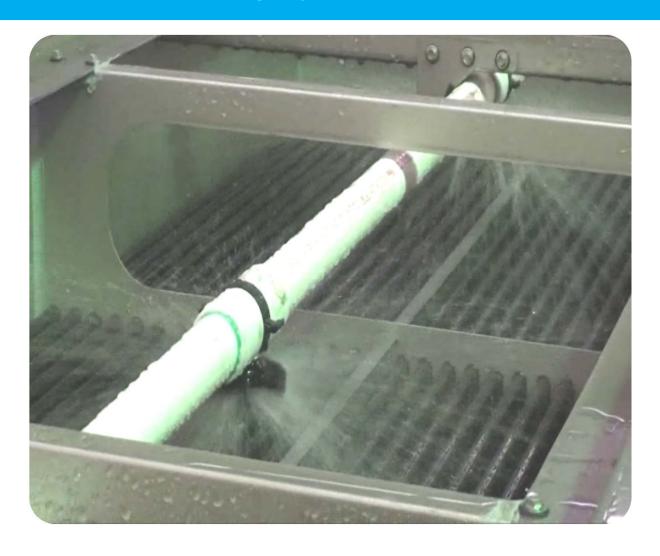
Transformer size:

Proportional diesel storage, electrical distribution, switchgear savings, etc.

Or alternatively, this 'stranded capacity' within power infrastructure can be re-engineered to deliver additional power capacity to the DC.



Cooling by Evaporation



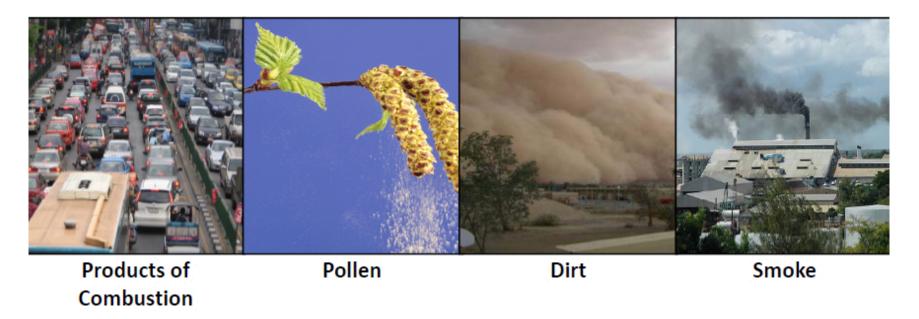


Air Quality – Why Indirect?

Server Reliability vs. Contamination

Particulate and gaseous contamination becomes a more important consideration when there is an increased use of economizer systems.

The air quality and building materials should be checked carefully for sources of pollution & particulates and additional filtration should be added to remove gaseous pollution and particulates, if needed.





Indirect Evaporative Cooling



OASIS™ Indirect Evaporative Cooler

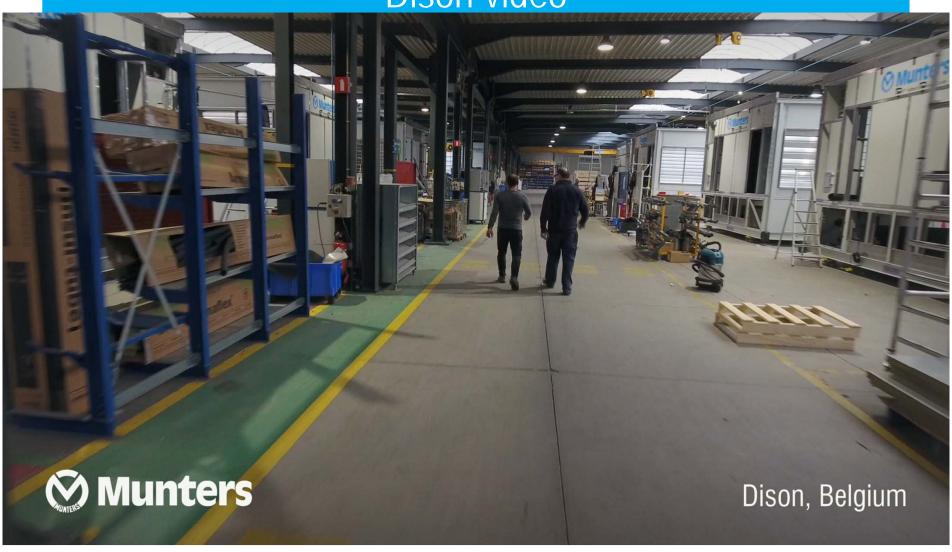


Indirect Evaporative Cooling





Dison video



Data Centre Test Facility







Variable load/performance testing, 1.7°C up to 33°C WB

Real server rack simulation over 300kW load









Tests performing in accordance with ASHRAE-std143-2015





Test Facilities

- Leakage testing.
- Controls and alarm simulation testing.
- Variable load performance testing, in a climate controlled chamber 2°C up to 33°C WB, 45°C DB.
- 60,000m³/hr airflow capacity
- Real server rack simulation with up to 300kW load.
- Tests in accordance with ASHRAE Std 143-2015.
- Fully calibrated & certified by LEUVEN University.



External Test Facility - Virginia



Climate Chamber - Dison



White Space with Load Banks - Dison



DigiPlex

-Energy efficiency of 1.12 PUE



- Annual pPUE of 1.06
- Data Centre air fully separated from outside
- 52 Oasis IEC 200's





"Driving energy efficiency in our industry is a major focus for us and this system halves the amount of • Lower capital costs on refrigeration/switchge are nergy used to keep our servers working at an ideal temperature.

> This not only helps save our customers thousands of pounds in energy costs but also ensures that our facilities are amongst the most sustainable in the sector"

EQUINIX Slough LD6

- One of the most energy efficient data centres in Equinix Portfolio
- 8,000m²
- Two three-storey, air-cooled buildings, for Phase 1
 - 2,770 Cabinets
 - 8MW IT Load



- 80 x Munters Oasis IEC
- Aim to become accredited to LEED Platinum Level
- Predicted cooling pPUE 1.06
- Predicted project PUE1 1.2
- Building Innovative design
 - Mechanical plant on top level to be closer to the a
 - Rainwater harvesting system





For more information

www.munters.com/datacenters



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